



Description

DPC01 and PPC01 are 3-phase mains monitoring relays.

They operate on 3P and 3P+N systems, monitoring phase loss and phase sequence, overvoltage and undervoltage, voltage asymmetry and torelance. Power supply provided by the monitored mains. Two independent delay functions, up to 30s, for over/under voltage and asymmetry/tolerance alarms.



Applications

DPC01 and PPC01 offer solutions for a wide range of applications: lifts, escalators, HVAC, material handling, pumps, compressors and mobile machinery installations.

Benefits

conditions.

at start-up.

environments.

troubleshooting.

and Plug-in (PPC01) mounting.

Wide voltages and frequency ranges. Working in systems from 100 to 690 VAC and 50 to 400Hz.

Adjustable voltage levels, asymmetry, tolerance and time delay. To allow a correct response to real alarm

• Output and status LED indication. For quick

Two mounting versions. Available for DIN-rail (DPC01)

Adjustable power ON delay. To avoid nuisance tripping

· Ultra-high harmonic immunity. For very noisy

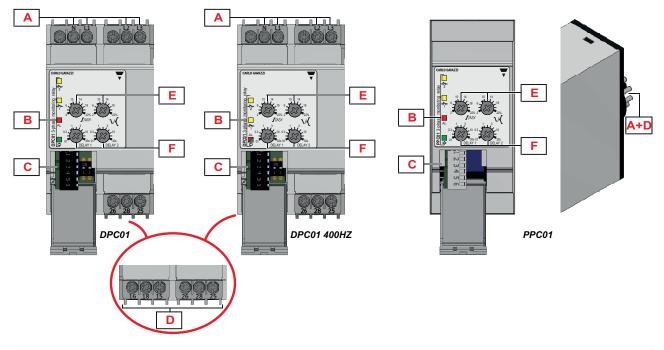


Main functions

- Monitoring 3-phase mains with 3 wires (3P) or 4 wires (3P+N).
- · Detection of the correct phase sequence, phase loss, asymmetry and tolerance.
- · Front dial adjustable overvoltage, undevoltage, asymmetry and tolerance setpoints.
- · Time delay.
- Two changeover relay outputs.



Structure



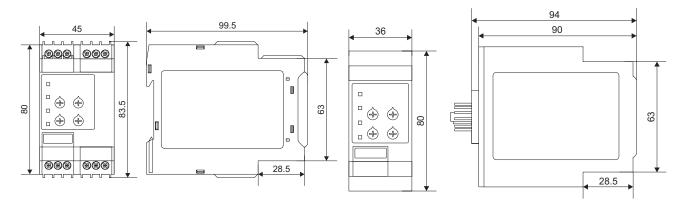
Element	Component	Function
Α	Input terminals	Connection of the line voltages (neutral when present)
		Yellow for relay output status
В	Information LED	Red to signal alarm status
		Green for device ON
С	DIP-switches	Setting the nominal voltage, type of mains, power ON delay
D	Output terminals	2 x SPDT relay outputs
E	Setpoints dials	Overvoltage/asymmetry and undervoltage/tolerance setpoints adjustment
F	Delay time dials	Setting the alarm ON delay time



Features



Material	Polyamide (Nylon) or Phenylene ether + Polystyrene	
Colour	RAL7035 (light grey)	
Dimensions (W x H x D)	DPC01: 45mm x 80mm x 99.5mm	
	PPC01: 36mm x 80mm x 94mm	
Protection degree	IP20	
Weight	150 g (5.29oz)	
Terminals	Cable size from 0.05mm ² to 2.5mm ² (AWG30 to AWG13), stranded or solid	
Tightening torque	Max. 0.5Nm (4.425lb.in)	
Terminal type	Double cage screw terminals (DPC01), Undecal Plug-in terminals (PPC01)	



Power supply

Power supply		Supplied by measured phases
Overvoltage category III (IEC 60664)		III (IEC 60664)
	M11	100 to 115 V _{L-L} AC ±15% (85V to 132V)
	M23	208 to 240 V _{L-L} AC ±15% (177V to 276V)
	M44	208 to 690 V _{L-L} AC ±15% (177V to 793V)
Voltage range	DPC01 M48	380 to 480 V _{L-L} AC ±15% (323V to 552V)
	M48 400Hz, PPC01 M48	380 to 415 V _{L-L} AC ±15% (323V to 477V)
	M49	440 to 480 V _{L-L} AC ±15% (374V to 552V)
	M69	600 to 690 V _{L-L} AC ±15% (510V to 793V)
Frequency range		50Hz to 60Hz ±10% sinusoidal waveform
		M44 and 400Hz versions : 50Hz to 400Hz ±10% sinusoidal waveform
	M11	< 1.5 VA
	M23	< 2.5 VA
Consumption	M44	< 4.5 VA
	M48, M49	< 3.5 VA
	M69	< 7 VA
Power ON delay		1 s ± 0.5 s or 6 s ± 0.5 s



Environmental

Operating temperature	-20° C to 60° C (-4° F to 140° F)
Storage temperature	-30° C to 80° C (-22° F to 176° F)
Relative humidity	5-95% non condensing
Pollution degree	2
Operating max altitude	2000 m amsl (6560ft)
Salinity	Non saline environment
UV resistance	No

Vibration/Shock resistance

Test condition	Test	Level
	Vibration response (IEC60255-21-1)	Class 1
Tests with uppeaked device	Vibration endurance (IEC 60255-21-1)	Class 1
Tests with unpacked device	Shock (IEC 60255-21-2)	Class 1
	Bump (IEC 60255-21-2)	Class 1
	Vibration random (IEC60068-2-64)	Class 1
Tests with packed device	Shock (IEC 60255-21-2)	Class 1
	Bump (IEC 60255-21-2)	Class 1

Class 1: monitoring devices for normal use in power plants, substations and industrial plants and for normal transportation conditions.

The packaging type is designed and implemented in such manner that the severity class parameters will not be exceeded during transportation.

Compatibility and conformity

CE-marking		According to EN 60947-5-1. Complies to European LV directive 2014/35/EU and EMC directive 2014/30/EU: Immunity according to EN61000-6-2; Emis- sions according to EN61000-6-3
Approvala	DPC01	CUL508, UL61010)
Approvals	PPC01	



Inputs

Measuring ranges		
Measured variables		Phase sequence Phase loss Asymmetry Tolerance 3P: voltages V _{L12} , V _{L23} , V _{L31} 3P+N: voltages V _{L11} , V _{L2N} , V _{L3N}
Nominal line range)	100 VAC to 690 VAC ±15% (85 VAC to 793 VAC)
	M11	3P: 100V, 115V (delta voltage) 3P+N: 58V, 66V (star voltage)
	M23	3P: 208V, 220V, 230V, 240V (delta voltage) 3P+N: 120V, 127V, 133V, 140V (star voltage)
	M44	3P: 208V, 220V, 230V, 240V, 380V, 400V, 415V, 440V, 480V, 600V, 690V (delta voltage) 3P+N: 120V, 127V, 133V, 140V, 220V, 230V, 240V, 254V, 277V, 347V, 400V (star voltage)
Nominal voltages (*)	DPC M48	3P: 380V, 400V, 415V, 480V (delta voltage) 3P+N: 220V, 230V, 240V, 277V (star voltage)
	PPC M48	3P: 380V, 400V, 415V (delta voltage) 3P+N: 220V, 230V, 240V (star voltage)
	M49	3P:440V, 480V (delta voltage) 3P+N: 254V, 277V (star voltage)
	M69	3P: 600V, 690V (delta voltage) 3P+N: 347V, 400V (star voltage)

(*) Note: connect the neutral only if it is intrinsically at the star centre.

Outputs

Number of outputs	2	
Туре	SPDT electromechanical relay with change-over contacts	
Logic	Output de-energized on alarm	
Contact rating	AC1: 8 A @ 250 VAC AC15: 2.5 A @ 250 VAC DC12: 5 A @ 24 VDC DC13: 2.5 A @ 24 VDC	
Electrical lifetime	≥50 x10³ operations (at 8 A, 250 V, cos φ= 1)	
Mechanical lifetime	>30 x 10 ⁶ operations	
Assignment	2xSPDT: Output 1: overvoltage or asymmetry Output 2: undervoltage or tolerance 1 x DPDT: Output 1&2: any alarm	



Terminals	Basic insulation
Inputs: L1, L2, L3, N (DPC01) / 5, 6, 7, 11 (PPC01) to Output: 15, 16, 18, 25, 26, 28 (DPC01) / 1, 3, 4, 8, 9, 10 (PPC01)	2.5kVrms, 4kV impulse 1.2/50µs (basic)



Operating description

Device configuration

The relay operates when all the phases are present, the phase sequence is correct and the input voltage levels are within set limits.

Delay on alarm is configurable by front dials, each one of the two alarms (under/over or asymmetry/tolerance) can be set with individual delay.

Asymmetry is an indicator of the mains quality and it is defined as the absolute value of the maximum deviation among the mains voltages, divided by the nominal voltage of the 3-phase system. The definition changes according to the voltage reference:

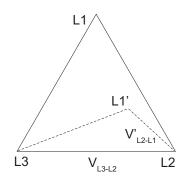
Mains type	Voltage asymmetry (%)
3P	$\frac{\max \Delta V_{ph-ph} }{V_{\Delta NOM}} \times 100$
3P+N	$\frac{\max \Delta V_{ph-n} }{V_{ANOM}} \times 100$

Tolerance is another indicator of the mains quality and it is definied as the absolute value of the maximum deviation of the mains voltages from the nominal voltage, divided by the nominal voltage of the 3-phase system. The definition changes according to the voltage reference:

 $V_{ANOM} = V_{L1-L3} = V_{L2-L1} = V_{L3-L2}$

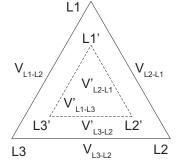
Mains type	Voltage tolerance (%)
3P	$\frac{max \left V_{\Delta NOM} - V_{ph-ph}\right }{V_{\Delta NOM}} x \ 100$
3P+N	$\frac{\max V_{\text{ANOM}} - V_{\text{ph-n}} }{V_{\text{ANOM}}} \ge 100$

Asymmetry



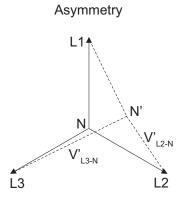
$$\begin{split} & \max \ |\Delta V_{_{\text{PH-PH}}}| = |V_{_{\text{L3-L2}}} - V'_{_{\text{L2-L1}}}| \\ & \max \ |V_{_{\Delta \text{NOM}}} - V_{_{\text{PH-PH}}}| = |V_{_{\Delta \text{NOM}}} - V'_{_{\text{L2-L1}}}| \end{split}$$

Tolerance

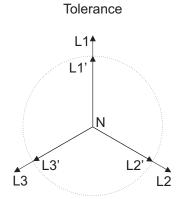


$$\begin{split} \max |\Delta V_{_{PH-PH}}| &= 0 \Rightarrow ASY = 0\\ \max |V_{_{\Delta NOM}} - V_{_{PH-PH}}| &= |V_{_{\Delta NOM}} - V'_{_{L1-L3}}| = |V_{_{\Delta NOM}} - V'_{_{L2-L1}}| = |V_{_{\Delta NOM}} - V'_{_{L3-L2}}| \end{split}$$
Fig. 1 Phase-phase monitoring





 $V_{\lambda NOM} = V_{L1-N} = V_{L2-N} = V_{L3-N}$



 $\max |\Delta V_{_{\text{PH-N}}}| = |V'_{_{\text{L3-N}}} - V'_{_{\text{L2-N}}}|$ $\max |V_{\text{ANOM}} - V_{\text{PH-N}}| = |V_{\text{ANOM}} - V'_{\text{L3-N}}|$ $\max |\Delta V_{_{\text{PH-N}}}| = 0 \Rightarrow \text{ASY} = 0$

$$\max |V_{\text{ANOM}} - V_{\text{PH-N}}| = |V_{\text{ANOM}} - V'_{\text{L1-N}}| = |V_{\text{ANOM}} - V'_{\text{L2-N}}| = |V_{\text{ANOM}} - V'_{\text{L3-N}}|$$

Fig. 2 Phase-neutral monitoring

Overvoltage / ASY adjustment dial	
Туроlоду	Linear selection from 2% to 22%
Resolution	2% setpoint increase per notch
Function Relative overvoltage or asymmetry setpoint	

Undervoltage / tolerance adjustment dial						
Typology Linear selection from 2% to 22%						
Resolution 2% setpoint increase per notch						
Function Relative undervoltage or tolerance setpoint						

Delay 1 setting dial					
Typology Logarithmic adjustment from 0.1s to 30s					
Resolution From 100ms/notch at 0.1s to 10s/notch at 30s					
Function Alarm ON delay setting for overvoltage or asymmetry					

Delay 2 setting dial					
Typology Logarithmic adjustment from 0.1s to 30s					
Resolution	From 100ms/notch at 0.1s to 10s/notch at 30s				
Function Alarm ON delay setting for undervoltage or tolerance					

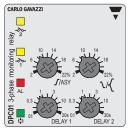


Fig. 3 DPC01

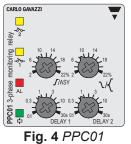




Fig. 5 DPC01 400Hz



DIP-switches				
	M44	6 + 2 switches		
Туроlоду	M11, M23, M48, M49, M69	6 switches		
		· Power ON delay		
Function		· Mains type		
		• Mains voltage (M44: 11 ranges; M11, M23, M48, M49 and M69: 4 ranges)		
		· Output configuration		
		Operating function		

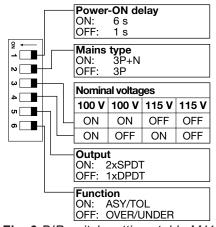


Fig. 6 DIP switch settings table M11

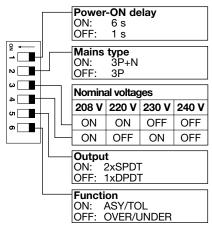


Fig. 7 DIP switch settings table M23

	ON: OFF:	6 s 1 s	,								
∎ ∎	Mains	3P+N	1								
	OFF: 3P Nominal voltages										
┓╷║	208 V	220 V	230 V	240 V	380 V	400 V	415 V	440 V	480 V	600 V	690 V
┋┧║└	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
	ON ON	ON ON	ON OFF	ON OFF	OFF ON	OFF ON	OFF OFF	OFF OFF	ON ON	ON ON	ON OFF
	- ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
√ □ "A" D	ID										
Switc		on									
	ON:		ol Undef	R							
<u></u>	OFF:										

Fig. 8 DIP switch settings table M44

Fig. 9 DIP switch settings table M48

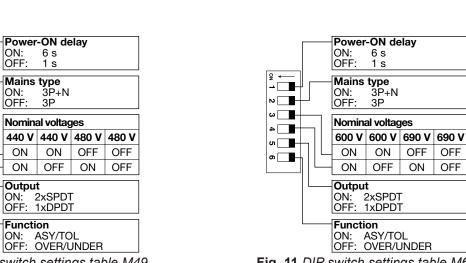


Fig. 10 DIP switch settings table M49

Fig. 11 DIP switch settings table M69

DPC01, PPC01

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Alarms

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DPC01 and PPC01 operate in 3 different modes depending upon the alarm type:

- Phase loss and incorrect phase sequence cause immediate output relays 1 and 2 de-energisation.

- Overvoltage or asymmetry triggering cause output 1 relay to turn OFF at the end of the set delay on alarm 1. - Undervoltage or out of tolerance triggering cause output 2 relay to turn OFF at the end of the set delay on alarm 2.

Over or asymmetry voltage/ under or tolerance voltage alarms						
Input variables 3P: voltages V _{L12} , V _{L23} , V _{L31} 3P+N: voltages V _{L1N} , V _{L2N} , V _{L3N}						
Reaction time	tion time ≤ 200ms + set delay ON alarm					
Undervoltage setting range	ig range From -2% to -22%					
Overvoltage setting range	From +2% to +22%					
Asymmetry setting range	From +2% to +22%					
Tolerance setting range	From ±2% to ±22%					
Repeatability	0.5% reading					
Hysteresis	Setpoint between 2% and 5% \rightarrow Hys 1% Setpoint between 5% and 22% \rightarrow Hys 2%					
Delay ON	Adjustable from 0.1s to 30s Accuracy: from ±50ms at 0.1s to ±5s at 30s Repeatability: from ±10ms at 0.1s to ±1 at 30s					
Delay OFF	None					

Phase loss alarm				
Input variables Voltage measurements L1-L2, L2-L3 and L3-L1				
Alarm setpoint	One phase ≤85% of the rated value (regeneration voltage detection)			
Restore setpoint	All phases >85% of the rated value + Hysteresis			
Reaction time	≤ 200 ms			
Hysteresis	2% fixed			
Delay ON	None			
Delay OFF	None			

Phase sequence alarm				
Input variables Connection L1, L2, L3				
Reaction time ≤ 200 ms				
Delay ON	None			
Delay OFF	None			



Visual information

DPC01 and PPC01 feature 4 front LEDs which provide operation status information, while 400HZ versions (M11, M23, M48, M49 e M69) feature 3 front LEDs (Power ON and alarm in the same LED).

- Green LED is ON when the power supply is present.

- Red "AL" LED provides alarm status information: when an over/under voltage or asymmetry/tolerance alarm is triggered, and there is a delay on alarm elapsing, the LED blinks at 2Hz during the delay. If the alarm situation is still present at the end of delay, the LED turns steady ON.

If a phase is lost or the phase sequence is incorrect, the LED flashes fast at 5Hz.

- Yellow LED 1 is ON when the output 1 relay is energised.

- Yellow LED 2 is ON when the output 2 relay is energised.

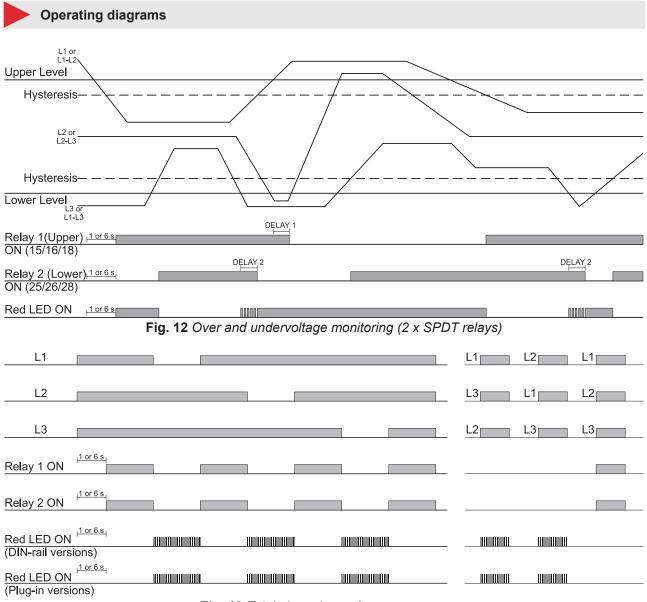


Fig. 13 Total phase loss, phase sequence



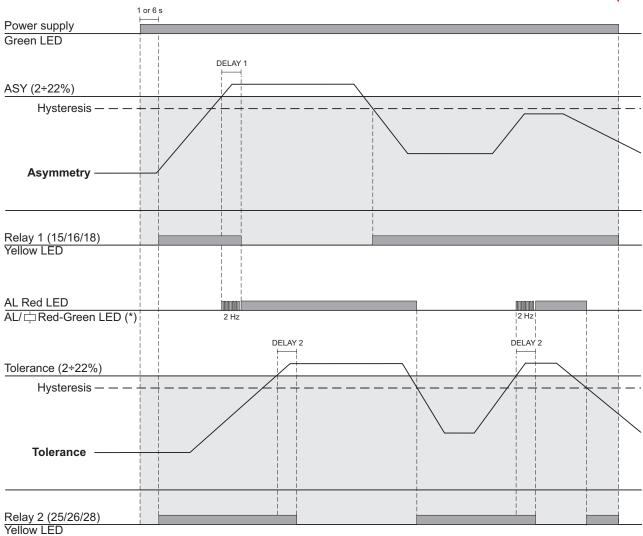


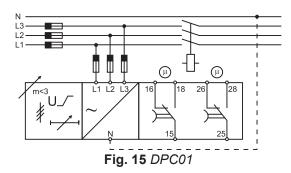
Fig. 14 Asymmetry and tolerance monitoring (2 x SPDT relays)

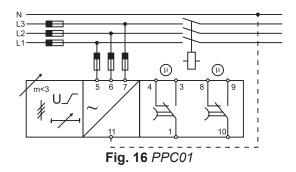
(*) M44 and 400HZ versions:

- flashing "Red-Green LED" during time delay

- "Red LED" steady in alarm condition

Connection Diagrams







References

Order code

Complete the code entering the corresponding option instead of $lacksquare$								
Code	Option	Description						
	D	DIN rail housing						
	Р	Plug-in housing						
Р	-	3-phase voltage						
С	-	Full functions						
01	-	Item number						
D	-	2 x SPDT relay outputs						
	M11							
	M23	Power supply						
	M44							
	M48							
	M49							
	M69							
	-	Frequency: 50 to 60 Hz (DPC01DM44 up to 400Hz)						
	400HZ	Frequency: 50 to 400 Hz						

Component name/part number	Mounting	Frequency	Power supply
DPC01DM11400HZ	DIN rail housing	50 - 400 Hz	100 to 115 VAC
DPC01DM23	DIN rail housing	50 - 60 Hz	208 to 240 VAC
DPC01DM23400HZ	DIN rail housing	50 - 400 Hz	208 to 240 VAC
PPC01DM23	Plug-in housing	50 - 60 Hz	208 to 240 VAC
DPC01DM44	DIN rail housing	50 - 400 Hz	208 to 690 VAC
DPC01DM48400HZ	DIN rail housing	50 - 400 Hz	380 to 415 VAC
PPC01DM48	Plug-in housing	50 - 60 Hz	380 to 415 VAC
DPC01DM48	DIN rail housing	50 - 60 Hz	380 to 480 VAC
DPC01DM49400HZ	DIN rail housing	50 - 400 Hz	440 to 480 VAC
DPC01DM69	DIN rail housing	50 - 60 Hz	600 to 690 VAC
DPC01DM69400HZ	DIN rail housing	50 - 400 Hz	600 to 690 VAC



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